

Results of the EUFEMED Survey as compared with the Club Phase I Survey

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Content

- Baseline characteristics
- Level of experience
- Specific questions to the implementation of the revised EMA FIH guidance
- Impact on European Union / Innovation
- Interpretation Conclusions



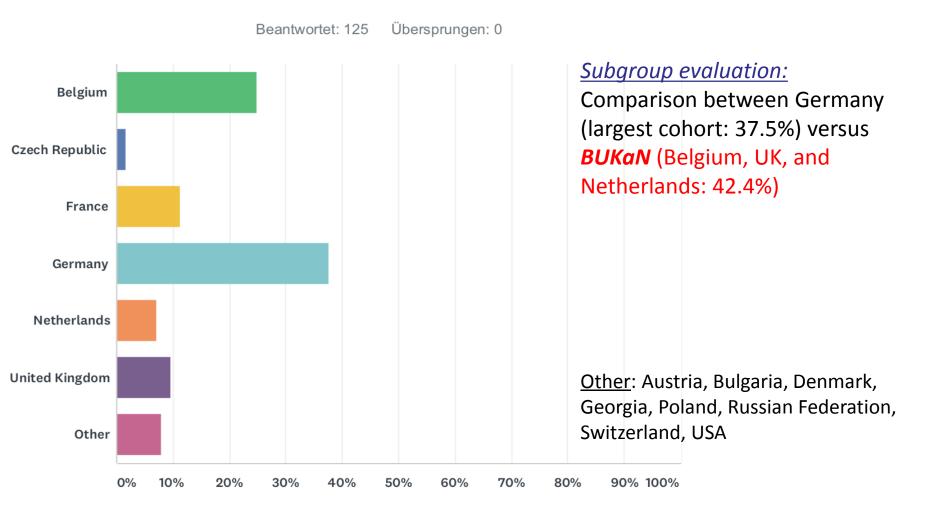
Basis of the Survey

- Recruitment of respondents via email-newsletter by
 - the EUFEMED office
 - EUFEMED member societies /organisations
- Target group: European colleagues involved in FIH trials

- 125 respondents (≈1000 contacts)
- No representative sample 'high motivation' spotlight

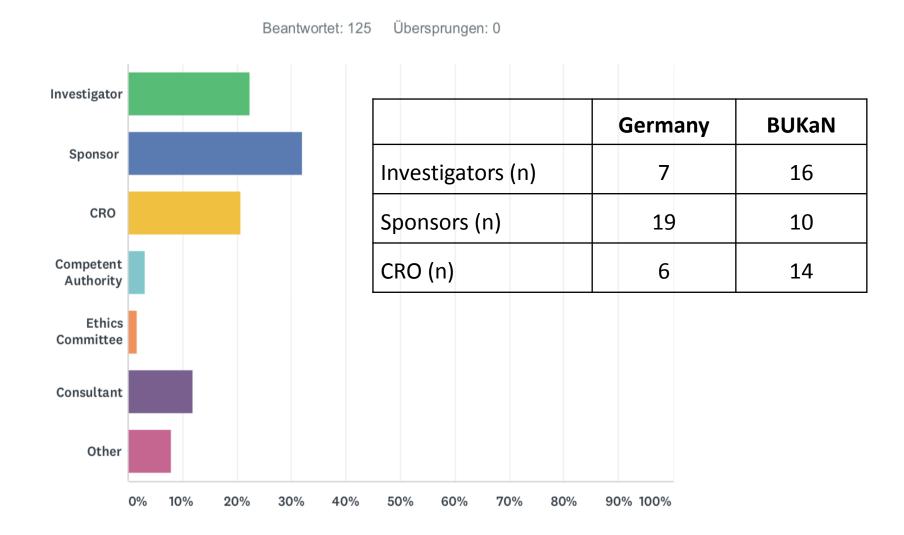


Location of Respondents





Characterisation of Survey Respondents





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Level of experience

Have you or your organisation ever conducted FIH trials?

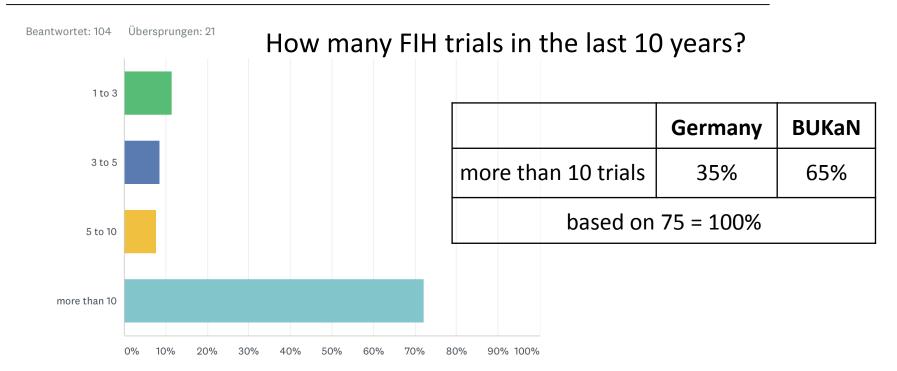
■ Yes: 88% n=110

■ No: 12% n=15

	Germany	BUKaN
YES	83%	96%
NO	17%	4%



Level of experience



ANTWORTOPTIONEN	BEANTWORTUNGEN	
1 to 3	11.54%	12
3 to 5	8.65%	9
5 to 10	7.69%	8
more than 10	72.12%	75

8



Level of experience

89
91
80
81

	Germany	BUKaN
First-in-class	61%	85%
Small molecular entity	55%	81%
Biologicals	43%	83%
Well-known substances	45%	77%



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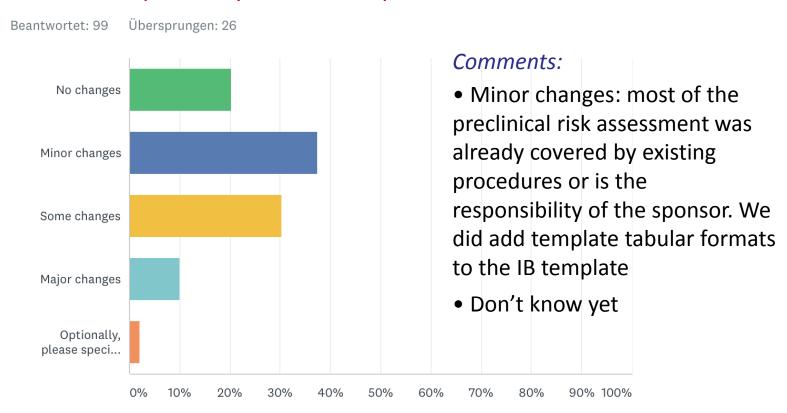
Overall, how clear is your understanding of the requirements of the new EMA guideline?

30.69% 46.53%	31 47
46.53%	47
16.83%	17
5.94%	6
	101

No remarkable differences between Germany and BUKaN for 'very clear', 'rather clear'



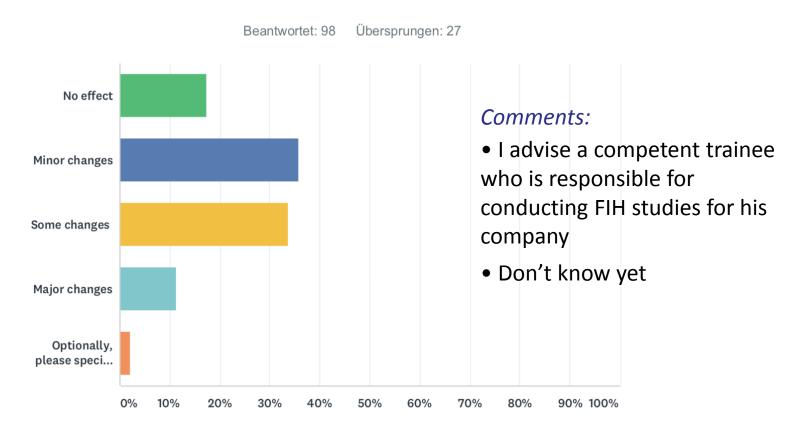
To what extent will the implementation of the revised nonclinical requirements impact on your current practices?



No remarkable differences Germany vs. BUKaN for 'minor changes', 'some changes'



What effect will the guidance on the need for PK/PD data for dose escalation decisions have on your current practices?

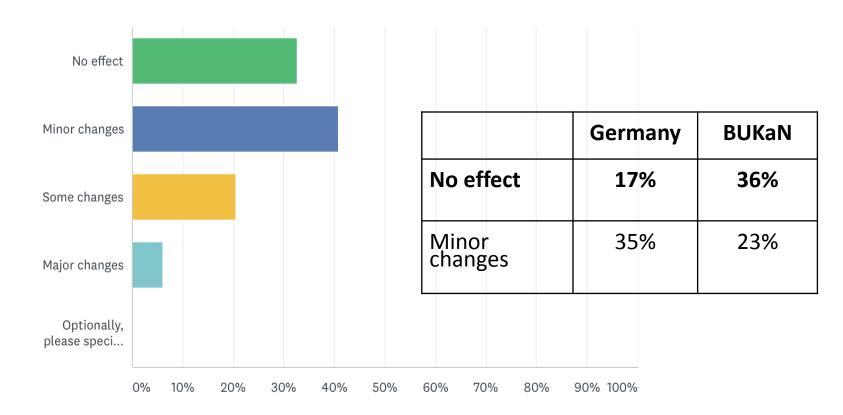


No remarkable differences Germany vs. BUKaN for 'minor changes', 'some changes'



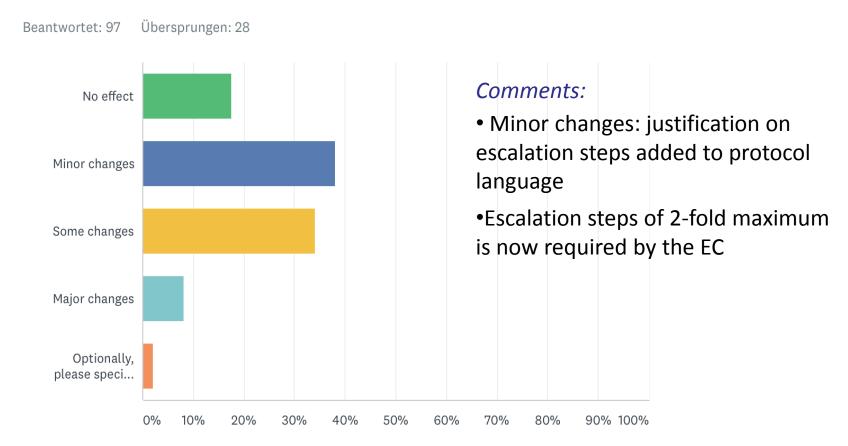
What effect will the implementation of the way starting dose is selected have on your current practices?







What effect will the implementation of the definition of dose escalation steps have on your current practices?

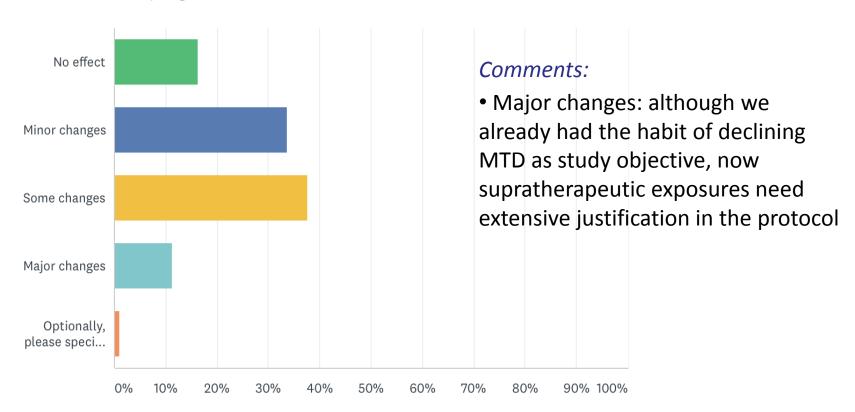


No remarkable differences Germany vs. BUKaN for 'minor changes', 'some changes'



What effect will the implementation of the definition of maximum exposure have on your current practices?





No remarkable differences Germany vs. BUKaN for 'minor changes', 'some changes'

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What effect will the implementation of the guidance for transitioning from SAD to MAD have on your current practices?

ANTWORTOPTIONEN		BEANTWORTUN	NGEN
No effect		26.53%	26
Minor changes		33.67%	33
Some changes		30.61%	30
Major changes		8.16%	8
Optionally, please specify the key changes:	Responses	1.02%	1

No remarkable differences between Germany and BUKaN

Comments:

• Some changes: more emphasis that exposure (rather than dose) is already covered by preceding SAD cohorts



What effect will the implementation of the guidance on sentinel dosing have on your current practices?

ANTWORTOPTIONEN		BEANTWORTUNGEN	
No effect		22.45%	22
Minor changes		25.51%	25
Some changes		34.69%	34
Major changes		14.29%	14
Optionally, please specify the key changes:	Responses	3.06%	3

No remarkable differences between Germany and BUKaN

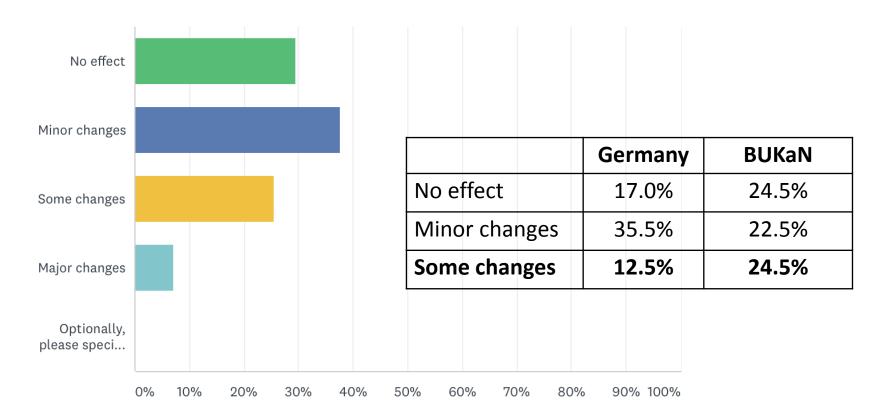
Comments:

- Sentinel dosing in MAD, Timeline
- Some changes: justification needed in protocol why no sentinel in MAD cohorts. In exceptional cases sentinel also in MAD



What effect will the implementation of the guidance on stopping rules have on your current practices?

Beantwortet: 98 Übersprungen: 27





Overall, what level of change do you expect in your current practices for FIH and early phase trials with the implementation of the revised guideline?

ANTWORTOPTIONEN		BEANTWORTUN	NGEN
No effect		9.28%	9
Minor changes		41.24%	40
Some changes		38.14%	37
Major changes		7.22%	7
Optionally, please specify the key changes:	Responses	4.12%	4

No remarkable differences Germany vs. BUKaN



Overall, what level of change do you expect in your current practices for FIH and early phase trials with the implementation of the revised guideline?

Comments:

- As an Educational Supervisor minor effects on judgement over quality of advice to my trainee
- Some changes. Overall it depends on the interpretation of the Competent Authority and the question if they see this as a rule or a guideline from which can be deviated if justified
- Not applicable at the moment
- All together result in major changes



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Overall, what impact will the implementation of the revised guideline have on the European Union?

ANTWORTOPTIONEN		BEANTWORTUNGEN	
Very negative		2.06%	2
Rather negative		11.34%	11
Neutral		45.36%	44
Rather positive		29.90%	29
Very positive		5.15%	5
Optionally, please specify:	Responses	6.19%	6
		'	

	Germany	BUKaN
Neutral	29%	38%
Rather positive	17%	28%

BUKaN more positive? (66% vs. 46%)

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Overall, what impact will the implementation of the revised guideline have on the European Union?

Comments:

- This will depend more on the timelines of the new portal and submission process than on the revised guideline.
- •It will increase the burden of doing FIH trials, but enhance the safety for the subjects
- •Depending on the interpretations by the competent authorities
- Can't say
- •The problem it tries to resolve (off target activity) is untouched
- •That guideline is badly written, the contents are not clear, there's a mix of several study types, and the fact that advertising for umbrella protocols is made is really disadvantageous. Overall, the impact of that guideline is very negative



Overall, do you think that the implementation of the revised guideline could have consequences on innovation?

ANTWORTOPTIONEN		BEANTWORTUNGEN	
Yes		40.00%	38
No		60.00%	57
Optionally, please specify:	Responses	0.00%	0
TOTAL			95

No remarkable differences Germany vs. BUKaN



Overall, do you think that the implementation of the revised guideline could have consequences on innovation? YES:

ANTWORTOPTIONEN		BEANTWORTUNGEN	
Very negative		5.00%	2
Rather negative		42.50%	17
Neutral		15.00%	6
Rather positive		32.50%	13
Very positive		0.00%	0
Optionally, please specify:	Responses	5.00%	2

Numbers too small for subgroup analyses

Comments:

- Can't say
- On biotechs



Further comments or thoughts?

• The guidance itself leaves many options, so should be OK to conduct trials in innovative or conservative ways. The problem will be is how regulators will interpret the guidance. While at the EMA stakeholder meeting on numerous occasions it was indicated the guidance is not law, we know some regulators will be interpreting the guidance quite literally or conservatively, that would be a significant risk



Further comments or thoughts?

- This questionnaire has not covered my class of input to FIH studies. So my answers are not helpful in my opinion
- A Q&A document would be helpful, elucidating the ways of justification of e.g. not using sentinel dosing (especially in the MAD), and use of supra-therapeutic exposure.
- We are implementing already a lot of things implied in the guidelines



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Interpretation – Conclusions

- ➤ No representative survey spotlight from a group of highly motivated and educated stakeholders; majority located in western parts of Europe
- ➤ All FIH stakeholders are represented in the survey, especially those asking for approval of CTAs
- ➤ 88% of stakeholders have a high level of experience in FIH trials, 72% conducted >10 FIH trials over 10 years
- ➤ Most types of FIH trials have been covered by the survey: >70 >80% for 1st in class / SME / Biologicals / Well-known substances



Interpretation – Conclusions

The requirements of the revised EMA FIH guideline is 'Very clear' for 31%

Summary of 'No changes' plus 'Minor changes'

Impact nonclinical requirements	57.5%
Need for PK/PD data for dose escalation decision	53.0%
Selection of starting dose	73.5%
Definition of dose escalation steps	55.5%
Definition of maximum exposure	50.0%
Transitioning from SAD to MAD	50.0%
Sentinel dosing	48.0%
Impact on stopping rules	68.0%
Level of change in current practice	50.5%



Areas requiring discussion, explanation and resolution

Summary of 'No effect' <20%

Level of change in current practice	9.3%
Need for PK/PD data for dose escalation decision	17.4%
Definition of dose escalation steps	17.5%
Definition of maximum exposure	16.3%

Summary of 'Major changes' >10%

Impact nonclinical requirements	10.1%
Need for PK/PD data for dose escalation decision	11.2%
Definition of maximum exposure	11.2%
Sentinel dosing	14.3%